## CS 160 <br> CS Orientation

## Number Conversions/Algorithms

## Digital Realm

- Based on discrete \#s
- Specifically: Circuits
- Binary, i.e. base 2
- 0 or 1
- What base do most people use?
- What is the range for each digit?
- What is Hexadecimal?, i.e. base 16
- What is the range for each digit?


## Decimal, Binary, \& Hex

- Decimal
- Powers of 10
- Binary
- Powers of 2
- Base X to Base 10 conversion
- 32 (base 10): $3^{*} 10^{1}+2^{*} 10^{0}=32$ (base 10)
-100000 (base 2): $1^{*} 2^{5}+0^{*} 2^{4}+0^{*} 2^{3}+0^{*} 2^{2}+0^{*} 2^{1}+$ $0^{*} 2^{0}=32$ (base 10)
- How do we express 35 (base 10) in base 2 vs. base 16 ?


## 8 volunteers: As a class use volunteers to...

- Convert 11110010 (base 2) to base 10.
- Convert 227 (base 10) to base 2.


## More Binary

- What is each digit called?
- What is a Byte?
- How many numbers can be expressed in a Byte?
- Signed/Unsigned
- What is the smallest number?
- What is the largest number?
- Help:
http://classes.engr.oregonstate.edu/eecs/fall2015/cs160-001/Exam1Review1.txt


## Get into groups 4-5

- What is the smallest/largest unsigned number in 16 bits?
- What is the smallest/largest signed number in 16 bits?
- What is the smallest/largest unsigned number in $x$ bits?

