



Chapter 14

- Creating Pipe Networks
 - Topics
 - Understanding gravity pipe networks
 - Creating gravity pipe networks
 - Editing gravity pipe networks
 - Understanding pressure pipe networks
 - Creating pressure pipe networks
 - Editing pressure pipe networks

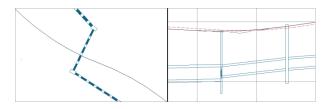






Understanding Gravity Networks

- Structures provide access to pipes underground for the following:
 - People
 - Runoff
- Structures are also used to enable a bend in a pipeline.
- Pipes convey water to a predetermined destination.
- Usually they flow by gravity and therefore must be
 - Sloped enough
 - Large enough
 - Deep enough







Exploring the Gravity Network

- Civil 3D objects represent structures and pipes.
- Relationships:
 - Between structures and pipes within a network
 - Between a network and other objects
- Pipes and structures can be browsed in Prospector.
- Shape, dimensions, and behavior of a pipe or structure originates with a part.
- Parts are stored in a parts list.







Pipe Networks from Objects

- Sometimes it is easier to lay out a schematic of a pipe network using basic AutoCAD commands and entities.
- Pipe networks can be created from the following:
 - AutoCAD polylines
 - Civil 3D alignments
 - Civil 3D feature line
- The disadvantage is that the same parts are used throughout the network.







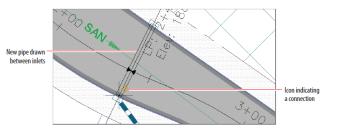
Pipe Networks by Layout

Similar to alignments and profiles, there is a

Network Layout Tools toolbar.



- From this toolbar you can do the following:
 - Select parts
 - Draw pipes
 - Draw structures
 - Draw both pipes and structures



- You can use different parts as you go.
- A special cursor icon (glyph) shows when you are connecting parts to each other.





Pipes in Profile View

- It is important to be able to view a pipe network in profile view.
- Slopes, depths, and elevations are as important as horizontal layout, maybe more so.
- The Draw Parts in Profile View command allows this to happen easily.

