

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## CS 161 Week 9 Worksheet:

### Recursion

1. Explain these terms:

- Iteration
- Recursion
- Base case
- Recursive step
- Recursive call

2. Trace the following code. What will each piece of code do or print? (Show your work)

```
1) int a(int i) {  
    return i + a(i - 1);  
}  
cout << a(4) << endl;
```

```
2) int b(int i) {  
    if (i == 0)  
        return 1;  
    return i * b(i - 1);  
}  
cout << b(4) << endl;
```

3. Write a `print_to_zero(int i)` function that prints from `i` down to 0 **iteratively** (with a loop).

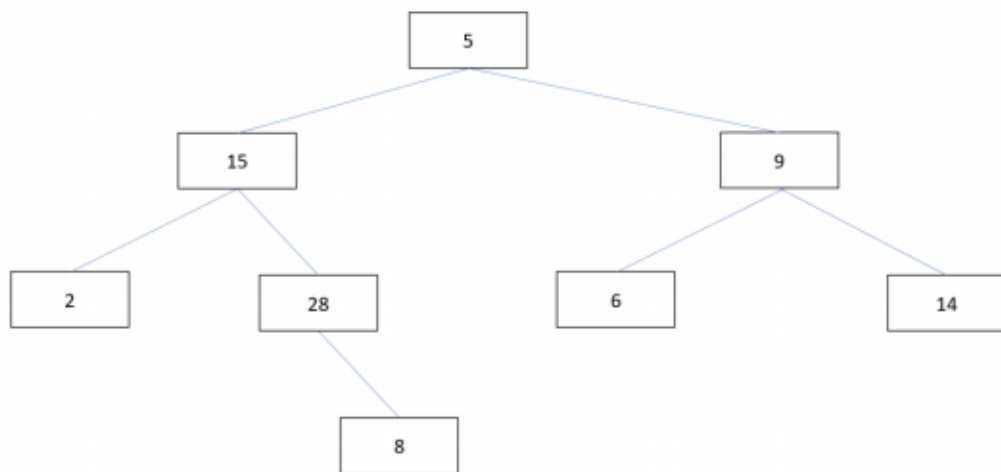
```
void print_to_zero(int i) {  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
}
```

4. Write a `print_to_zero(int i)` function that prints from `i` down to 0 **recursively**.

```
void print_to_zero(int i) {
```

```
}
```

5. See if you can figure out what the following recursive algorithm (defined using **pseudocode**) will print when applied to this binary tree, starting with the top box that contains "5". (Don't be intimidated, try tracing through the algorithm)



```
printValue(box x)
  if box x does not exist
    return /* (Don't print anything) */
  printValue(x's left child)
  Print: Value inside box x
  printValue(x's right child)
```

6. Think of different ways you could arrange the last three lines in the recursive algorithm above and how does it change the order of the values printed.