

CS 271 Computer Architecture and Assembly Language

Self-Check for Lecture#9

Solutions

Here is a partial “listing file” for a MASM program:

```

00000000      main      PROC
00000000                call   intro
00000005                call   getData
0000000A
; ... more implementation code for main
                                exit   ;exit to operating system
0000001B      main      ENDP

0000001B      intro     PROC
; ... Implementation code for intro
0000003E C3      ret     ;return to calling procedure
0000003F      intro     ENDP

0000003F      getData   PROC
; ... more implementation code for getData

00000058                call   validate
0000005D      ; ... more implementation code for getData

00000067 C3      ret     ;return to calling procedure
00000068      getData   ENDP

00000068      validate  PROC
; ... Implementation code for validate
0000008A C3      ret     ;return to calling procedure
0000008B      validate  ENDP
    
```

Show the contents of the specified registers before and after the execution of each statement (OK to use 4-digit hex). The first row is completed for you.

Show the contents of the system stack after each instruction. Fill in the System Stack “Memory Address” column. When a “Memory Contents” value is replaced, lightly cross out the previous value (instead of erasing it). The shaded parts are completed for you.

Address / Instruction	EIP before	EIP after	ESP before	ESP after
0000 call intro	0000	001B	0400	03FC
003E ret	003E	0005	03FC	0400
0005 call getData	0005	003F	0400	03FC
0058 call validate	0058	0068	03FC	03F8
008A ret	008A	005D	03F8	03FC
0067 ret	0067	000A	03FC	0400

System Stack

Memory Address	Memory Contents
03EC	
03F0	
03F4	
03F8	005D
03FC	0005 000A
0400	xxxx

Given the following data segment:

```
.data
x    DWORD    17
y    DWORD    20
z    DWORD    13
```

Trace the following code fragments:

1.

```
push    x
push    y
pop     x
pop     y
```

x contains 20 y contains 17

2. Start over with original values in the data segment

```
push    x
inc     x
pop     y
push    x
inc     x
pop     z
```

x contains 19 y contains 17 z contains 18

3. Start over with original values in the data segment

```
mov     eax, x
push   eax
mov     ecx, 4
again:
push   x
push   y
push   z
pop    x
pop    z
pop    y
loop  again

pop    z
```

x contains 13 y contains 17 z contains 17